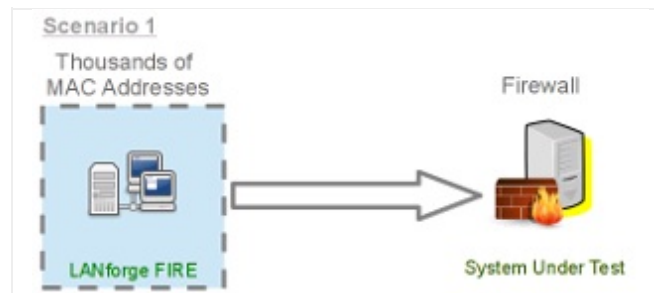


## Armageddon UDP Traffic Generation with Random MAC Addresses.

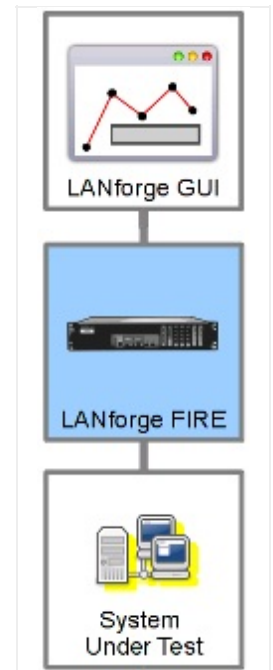
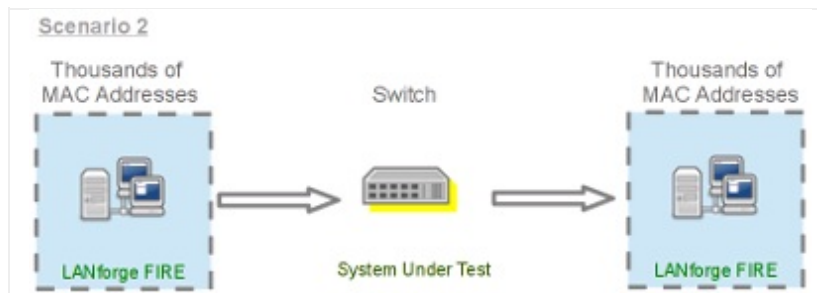
**Goal:** Generate network traffic to a network device with one or many destination MAC addresses.

These scenarios are useful for testing switches and firewalls that have to handle UDP traffic from thousands of source MAC addresses and one or many destination MAC addresses. This cookbook covers two scenarios:

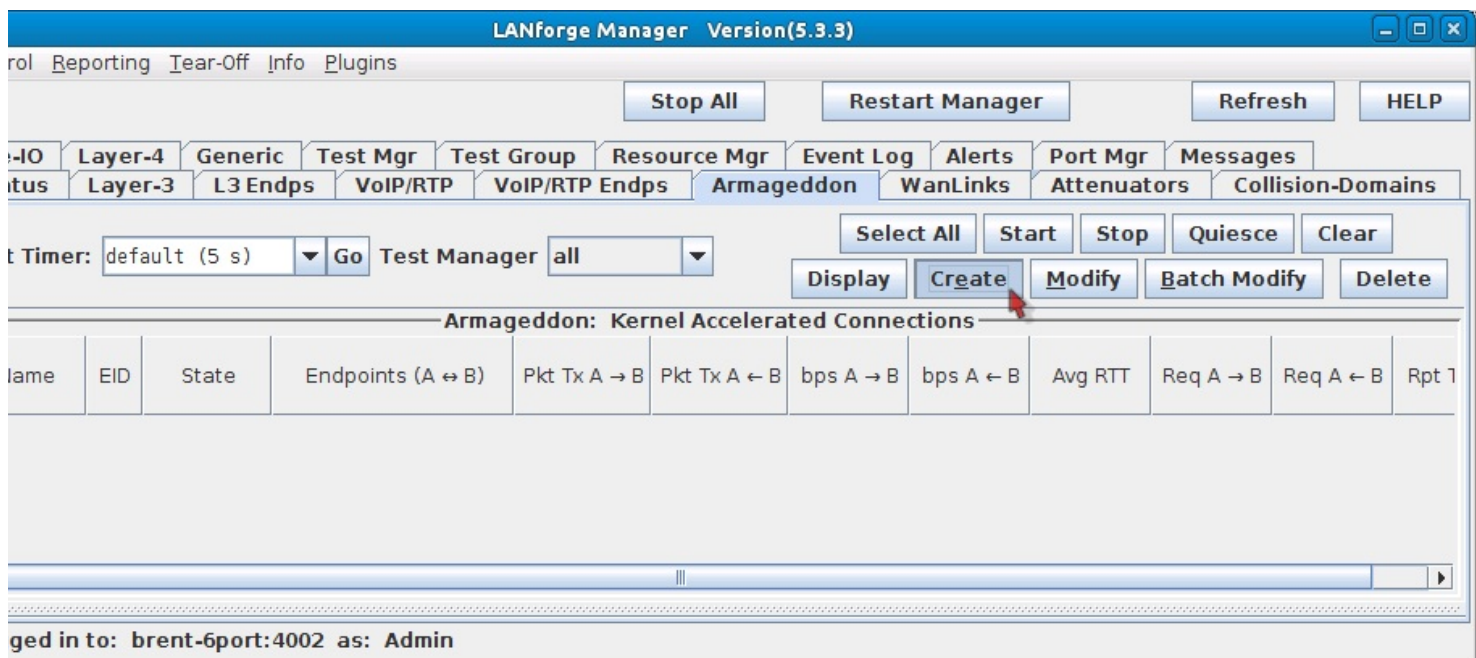
1. A single destination MAC address. (This would exercise a firewall or router.)
2. Thousands of destination MAC addresses. (This would exercise a switch by overflowing the device CAM table.)



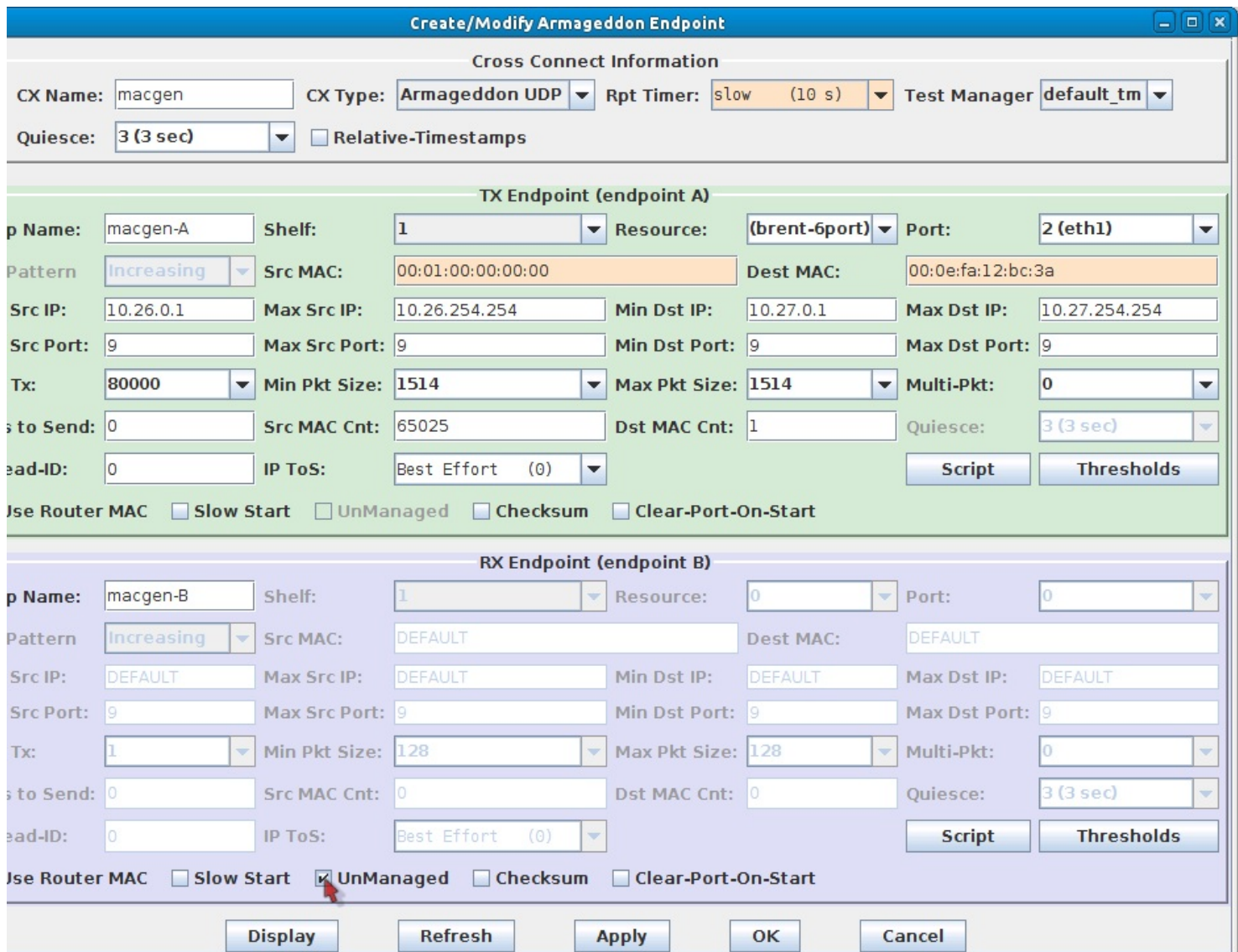
A one-sided traffic stream is used to send packets to a network device under test when round-trip reporting is not required.



1. On the **Armageddon** tab, click **Create**.



2. **Firewall Scenario:** Configure the Armageddon connection with the following values:



A. In the TX Endpoint (green box):

- A. The connection name for this example is **macgen**.
- B. Src MAC: **00:01:00:00:00:00**. This is the starting point for emulated remote MAC addresses.
- C. Dest MAC: **00:0e:fa:12:bc:3a**. Use the destination MAC address of your *system under test*.
- D. Min Src IP: **10.26.0.1**.
- E. Max Src IP: **10.26.254.254**. This emulates about 65,000 remote hosts.
- F. Min Dst IP: **10.27.0.1**.
- G. Max Dst IP: **10.27.254.254**. This emulates about 65,000 destination addresses.
- H. Pps Tx: **80,000**. This is a 1Gbps packet rate.
- I. Min Pkt Size: **1514**.
- J. Max Pkt Size: **1514**.
- K. Src MAC Cnt: **65,025**. This emulates 65,025 remote devices.
- L. Dst MAC Cnt: **1**.
- M. **Deselect** Use Router MAC.

B. In the RX Endpoint (blue box):

- A. **Select** **UnManaged**. This allows us to *fire and forget* the packets.

C. Click **OK** to commit the configuration.

3. **Switch Scenario:** Configure the Armageddon connection with the following values:

**Create/Modify Armageddon Endpoint**

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**Cross Connect Information**

CX Name:  CX Type:  Rpt Timer:  Test Manager:

Quiesce:   Relative-Timestamps

---

**TX Endpoint (endpoint A)**

Endpoint Name:  Shelf:  Resource:  Port:

Pattern:  Src MAC:  Dest MAC:

Src IP:  Max Src IP:  Min Dst IP:  Max Dst IP:

Src Port:  Max Src Port:  Min Dst Port:  Max Dst Port:

Tx:  Min Pkt Size:  Max Pkt Size:  Multi-Pkt:

Pps to Send:  Src MAC Cnt:  Dst MAC Cnt:  Quiesce:

Head-ID:  IP ToS:

Use Router MAC  Slow Start  UnManaged  Checksum  Clear-Port-On-Start

---

**RX Endpoint (endpoint B)**

Endpoint Name:  Shelf:  Resource:  Port:

Pattern:  Src MAC:  Dest MAC:

Src IP:  Max Src IP:  Min Dst IP:  Max Dst IP:

Src Port:  Max Src Port:  Min Dst Port:  Max Dst Port:

Tx:  Min Pkt Size:  Max Pkt Size:  Multi-Pkt:

Pps to Send:  Src MAC Cnt:  Dst MAC Cnt:  Quiesce:

Head-ID:  IP ToS:

Use Router MAC  Slow Start  UnManaged  Checksum  Clear-Port-On-Start

A. In the TX Endpoint (green box):

- A. The connection name for this example is **macgen**.
- B. Src MAC: **00:01:00:00:00:00**. This is the starting point for emulated source MAC addresses.
- C. Dest MAC: **00:02:00:00:00:00**. This is the starting point for emulated destination MAC addresses. This address is 4.2 billion addresses after the starting source MAC address.
- D. Min Src IP: **10.26.0.1**.
- E. Max Src IP: **10.26.254.254**. This emulates about 65,000 remote hosts.
- F. Min Dst IP: **10.27.0.1**.
- G. Max Dst IP: **10.27.254.254**. This emulates about 65,000 destination addresses.
- H. Pps Tx: **80,000**. This is a 1Gbps packet rate.
  - I. Min Pkt Size: **1514**.
  - J. Max Pkt Size: **1514**.
  - K. Src MAC Cnt: **65,025**. This emulates 65,025 source devices.
  - L. Dst MAC Cnt: **65,025**. This emulates 65,025 destination devices.
- M. **Deselect** Use Router MAC.



- B. In the RX Endpoint (blue box):
  - A. **Select UnManaged**. This allows us to *fire and forget* the packets.
- C. Click **OK** to commit the configuration.

4. Start traffic generation:

The screenshot shows the LANforge Manager interface. At the top, there are buttons for 'Stop All', 'Restart Manager', 'Refresh', and 'HELP'. Below these are several tabs: 'Layer-4', 'Generic', 'Test Mgr', 'Test Group', 'Resource Mgr', 'Event Log', 'Alerts', 'Port Mgr', 'Messages', 'Layer-3', 'L3 Endps', 'VoIP/RTP', 'VoIP/RTP Endps', 'Armageddon', 'WanLinks', 'Attenuators', and 'Collision-Domains'. The 'Armageddon' tab is active. In the center, there are buttons for 'Select All', 'Start', 'Stop', 'Quiesce', 'Clear', 'Display', 'Create', 'Modify', 'Batch Modify', and 'Delete'. A red arrow points to the 'Start' button. Below the buttons, there are two tables. The first table is titled 'Armageddon: Kernel Accelerated Connections' and has columns for Name, EID, State, Endpoints (A ↔ B), Pkt Tx A → B, Pkt Tx A ← B, bps A → B, bps A ← B, Avg RTT, Req A → B, Req A ← B, and Rpt 1. The second table is titled 'Armageddon: Kernel Accelerated Connection Endpoints' and has columns for Name, EID, Run, Script, Pps TX, Pps RX, Tx Pkts, Rx Pkts, Tx Bytes, Rx Bytes, Dropped, Rx Drop %, and CX Dropped. At the bottom, it says 'logged in to: brent-6port:4002 as: Admin'.

- A. In the **Armageddon** tab, click the **Start** button. Traffic will begin.